

Task 1

A fronted adverbial is a word, phrase or clause at the beginning of a sentence that gives more details about the time, place, frequency, possibility or manner of the action in the main clause. We always use a comma after a fronted adverbial to demarcate it from the main clause.

1. Can you **place a comma after the fronted adverbial** in these sentences? In each of the boxes, decide whether the fronted adverbial adds more detail about the **time, place, frequency, possibility or manner** of the action in the main clause.

For example: After the storm, the people of the town cleared up the damage from the flooding.

a) Baffled by the mathematical problem the professor felt frustrated.

b) Under the bridge the misunderstood troll waited patiently for his goat friends.

c) Once a year the people put on their costumes and partied at the carnival.

d) Before the holidays the Y6 pupils had a farewell celebration at their junior school.

e) Almost certainly Eva's team would win the upcoming sports day.

Task 2

Now compose three of your own sentences including a fronted adverbial in each to describe part of the cover image for this week's big write.