## **LBQ- Monday**

# Using semi-colons, colons and dashes between main clauses

 A semi-colon can be used instead of a full stop between two related sentences. This links them together in a way a full stop doesn't.

It was cold <u>and</u> the sun was shining.

It was cold; the sun was shining.

Colons can be used to connect a main clause with a clause, phrase or word that explains the main clause. The two parts of the sentence must have a strong link. Example 1: The meal was awful: the sauce was cold and lumpy. The second clause explains the first main clause.

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Dashes can be are used as an alternative to other punctuation marks to insert a break in a sentence to replace brackets, a colon or a <u>semi-colon</u> to extend a sentence and expand upon a previously-made point or <u>clause</u> to show subordinate or additional information within a sentence.

You are a friend – my best friend – and I'd like you to be my Maid of Honour.

Just then, Tom – my second cousin – got home from work.

Your results will depend – as my gran used

to say - on how how much effort you put in.

(add information to previous clause)

I book the holiday – he has all the fun.

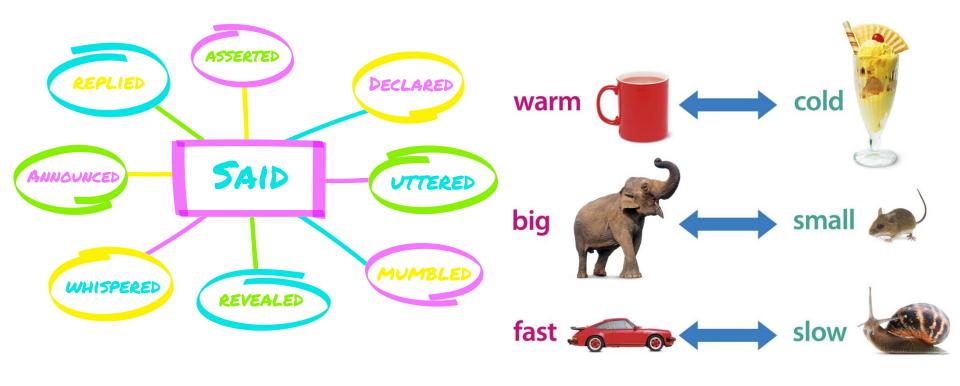
The new car had finally arrived — and she decided she no longer wanted it.

Mrs Brown demands one thing from her pupils – attention.

(Instead of brackets)

# LBQ – Tuesday Synonyms and Antonyms

A **synonym** is a word that has a similar meaning to another word, while an **antonym** is a word that means the opposite.



# LBQ – Tuesday Revision of Y5/Y6 Word Classes

#### NOUN

Name of a thing, a person, an animal, a place, or an idea.

Examples: Daniel, London, table, hope - Mary uses a blue pen for her letters.

#### ADJECTIVE

Describes, modifies or gives more information about a noun or pronoun. Examples: cold, happy, young, two, fun - The little girl has a pink hat.

#### **ADVERB**

Modifies a verb, an adjective or another adverb. It tells how (often), where, when.

Examples: slowly, very, always, well, too - Yesterday, I ate my lunch quickly.

#### CONJUNCTION

Joins two words, ideas, phrases together and shows how they are connected.

Examples: and, or, but, because, until, if
- I was hot and tired but I still finished it.

#### **PRONOUN**

A pronoun is used in place of a noun or noun phrase to avoid repetition.

Examples: I, you, it, we, us, them, those
- I want her to dance with me.

#### **VERB**

Shows an action or a state of being. It can show what someone is doing or did. Examples: go, speaking, lived, been, is - I listen to the word and then repeat it.

#### PREPOSITION

Shows the relationship of a noun, noun phrase or pronoun to another word.

Examples: at, on, in, from, with, about - I left my keys on the table for you.

#### INTERJECTION

A word or phrase that expresses a strong emotion. It is a short exclamation.

Examples: Ouch! Hey! Wow! Oh! Ugh!
- Wow! I passed my English exam.

## LBQ – Tuesday Revision of Y5/Y6 Word Classes

Word class	examples
Verb	be, drive, grow, think
Noun	husband, car, him, house, she
Determiner	a, an, my, some, the
Adjective	big, foolish, happy, talented, tidy
Adverb	happily, recently, soon, then, there
Preposition	at, in, of, over <mark>, wi</mark> th
Conjunction	and, because, but, if, or

### LBQ – Thursday Active and Passive



The <u>active voice</u> of a verb tells us that someone (or something) does the action in a sentence.

James watered the flowers.

Sarah finished the homework.

The puppy chewed the shoe.

The passive voice of a verb tells us that someone (or something) has an action done to them.

The flowers were watered by James.

The homework was finished by Sarah.



The shoe was chewed by the puppy.

Can you change this sentence so the verb is in the <u>passive voice</u>?

The horse ate the carrot.

Can you change this sentence so the verb is in the active voice?

The book was written by Sam.

# LBQ – Thursday Active and Passive

If you want some more information and to practise using active and passive then go to this website: watch this video and complete the online activity.

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zwwp8mn/articles/zsx2b82